



Fourth Quarter 2014 Financial Results
Conference Call

February 5, 2015



## **Forward Looking Statements**

This presentation contains certain "forward-looking statements" (as such term is defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). All statements, other than statements of historical facts, that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects, projects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including, without limitation, future operating or financial results and future revenues and expenses, future, pending or recent acquisitions, general market conditions and shipping industry trends, the financial condition and liquidity of the Company, cash available for dividend payments, future capital expenditures and dry-docking costs and newbuild vessels and expected delivery dates, are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that its expectations stated in this presentation are based on reasonable assumptions, actual results may differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that, in our view, could cause actual results to differ materially from the future results discussed in the forward-looking statements include, without limitation, global supply and demand for containerships, the financial stability of the Company's counterparties and charterers, global economic weakness, disruptions in the world financial markets, the loss of one or more customers, a decrease in the level of Chinese exports, the availability of debt financing, our ability to complete the formation of the proposed master limited partnership, our ability to expand through newbuildings and secondhand acquisitions, risks associated with the operation of the Framework Agreement with our joint venture partner, delay in the delivery of newbuildings, rising crew and fuel costs, increases in capital expenditure requirements or operating costs, a decrease in containership values, increased competition in the industry, re-chartering risk, fluctuations in interest rates, actions taken by governmental and regulatory authorities, potential liability for future litigation and environmental liabilities, the availability of adequate insurance coverage, potential disruption of shipping routes due to accidents or political conditions and the other factors discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F (File No. 001-34934) under the caption "Risk Factors". All forwardlooking statements reflect management's current views with respect to certain future events, and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any of these forward-looking statements, whether because of future events, new information, a change in the Company's views or expectations, or otherwise.

### **Recent Transactions**



# Dividend Increase

• The management of the Company announced that it will recommend to the Board of Directors that the Board approve a dividend increase, beginning with the first quarter 2015 dividend, raising the quarterly dividend from \$0.28 to \$0.29 per common share (1).

# New Financing Facility

In December 2014, we entered into a financing agreement with a leading Chinese financial
institution regarding the14,000 TEU vessels ordered from Samsung Heavy Industries and
chartered to Evergreen. The financing is under the structure of a sale and leaseback transaction.

# Vessel Acquisitions

• In December 2014, the Company purchased the 2004-built, 2,586 TEU containership *Lakonia* for a price of \$8.2 million. The vessel was delivered on December 18, 2014. The Company agreed to charter the vessel to Evergreen, for a period of approximately two years at a daily rate of \$8,600. The vessel is expected to commence its charter beginning of March 2015.

# Dividend Declarations

- On January 5, 2015, we declared a dividend of \$0.476563 per share on our Series B Preferred Stock and a dividend of \$0.531250 per share on our Series C Preferred Stock, both paid on January 15, 2015, to holders of record on January 14, 2015.
- On January 6, 2015, we declared a dividend for the fourth quarter ended December 31, 2014, of \$0.28 per share on our common stock, payable on February 4, 2015, to stockholders of record on January 21, 2015. This will be the Company's seventeenth consecutive quarterly dividend since it commenced trading on the New York Stock Exchange.

<sup>(1)</sup> The declaration and amount of a dividend is subject to the discretion of the Board, and accordingly will depend on, among other things, the Company's earnings, financial condition and cash requirements and availability, the Company's ability to obtain debt and equity financing on acceptable terms as contemplated by the Company's growth strategy, the restrictive covenants in the Company's existing and future debt instruments and global economic conditions.



## **Income Statement**



### **Q4 2014 RESULTS**

	4Q 2013	4Q 2014	% Change
Ownership Days	4,746	4,982	5.0%
Average Number of Vessels	51.6	54.2	5.0%
Voyage Revenues	\$ 112,549	\$ 120,866	7.4%
EBITDA <sup>(*)</sup>	\$ 71,116	\$80,913	13.8%
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 26,749	\$ 30,436	13.8%
Net Interest and Finance Costs	\$ 17,515	\$ 19,677	12.3%
Net Income Available to Common Stockholders	\$25,901	\$27,722	7.0%
Weighted Average Number of Shares	74,800,000	74,800,000	
EPS	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.37	



### **Q4 2014 RESULTS – Non Cash and One-Time Adjustments**

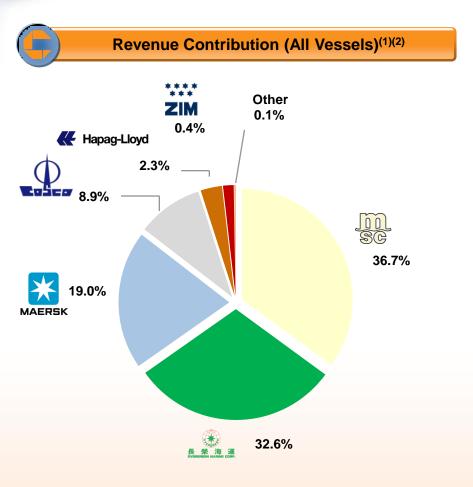
	4Q 2013	4Q 2014	
Net Income Available to Common Stockholders	\$25,901	\$27,722	
Accrued Charter Revenue	\$4,303	\$782	
Gain/ (loss) on Derivative Instruments	\$ 273	\$ (526)	
Realized (Gain)/ Loss on Euro/USD forward contracts	-	\$ 388	
Amortization of prepaid lease rentals	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,256	
Unrealized loss on Swaption Agreement	-	\$ 1,177	
Adjusted Net Income Available to Common Stockholders(*)	\$ 30,477	\$ 30,799	
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(*)</sup>	\$ 75,692	\$82,734	
Adjusted EPS <sup>(*)</sup>	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.41	

#### Notes

All numbers in thousands, except ownership days, number of vessels, shares and per share data



## **High Quality Stable Cash Flows- Strong Relationships**



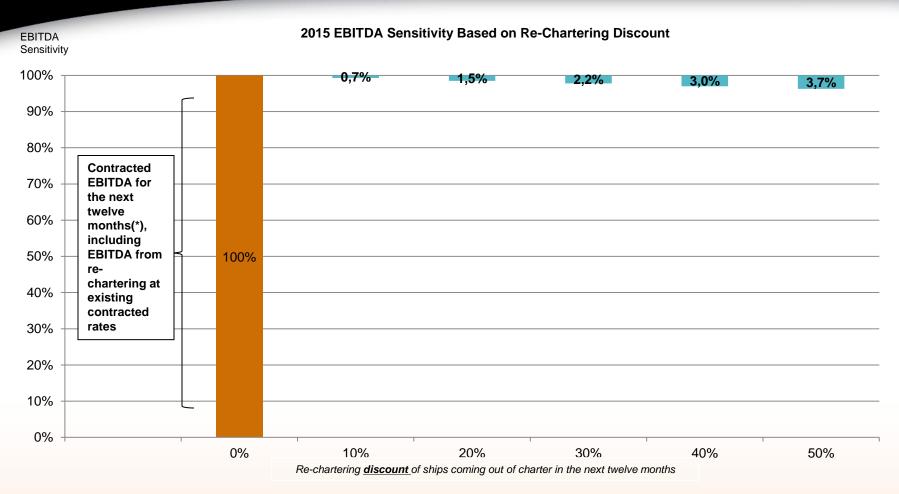
- As of February 4, 2015, contracted revenues of approximately \$2.3Bn<sup>(1)(2)</sup>
- TEU-weighted average remaining time charter duration for the fleet is about 4.5 years<sup>(1)(2)</sup>
- Significant built-in growth from cash flow generated by contracted newbuilds

#### Notes

- Based on contracted revenues as of February 4, 2015. (Includes our ownership percentage of contracted revenues for three second hand vessels purchased and nine newbuilds ordered pursuant to the Framework Agreement with York)
- 2. Assumes earliest possible re-delivery dates after giving effect to the exercise of any owners' extension options



## **Small Re-chartering Risk going forward**



- Solid revenue base; even if re-chartering takes place at rates 30% or 40% lower than previous contracted rates for all ships coming
  out of charter during the year, small cash EBITDA effect of less than 3.0%.
- EBITDA variation becomes even less meaningful if ships built prior to 1995 are sold for demolition upon charter expiration.

#### Notes

<sup>1.</sup> NTM EBITDA = Revenues on a cash basis – Vessel Operating Expenses – Management Fees (excludes G&As, voyage expenses, off-hires).

<sup>(\*)</sup> Starting from December 31, 2014.



## **Balance Sheet Management**



### Debt Repayment Schedule as of Dec. 31, 2014 (US\$ thousands)(1)

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$206,459	\$199,793	\$242,812	\$574,633	\$78,300	\$248,544	\$87,464	\$22,117	\$23,730	\$83,222

- Smooth amortization schedule minimizes re-financing risk
- Distributable cash flow calculated on a post debt service basis, providing for a reasonable cushion for the common stock dividend
- Approximately 85% of loan portfolio hedged from floating rates to fixed rates with a weighted average rate of less than 4.0% adding to the cash flow visibility

Liquidity as of D	ec. 31, 2014
	(US\$ millions)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (2)	\$ 177.2
Moderate leverage with 6 uner	ncumbered vessels <sup>(3)</sup>

#### Notes

- 1. Includes repayment of leases.
- 2. Includes cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash as of December 31, 2014.
- 3. Excludes one second hand vessel purchased and four newbuildings ordered pursuant to our Framework Agreement with York Capital Management.

# **Container Shipping Industry**





(1) Howe Robinson Contrainership Index (HRCI) includes vessels raging from 650TEU to 5,500TEU



# Q & A

### **Appendix**





	Year ended December 31,				_		•	n period ended nber 31,	
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)		2013		2014		2013	-	2014	
Net Income	\$	103,087	\$	115,087	\$	26,852	\$	30,800	
Earnings allocated to Preferred Stock		(1,536)		(11,909)		(951)		(3,078)	
Net Income available to common	_				_		-		
stockholders	_	101,551		103,178		25,901	_	27,722	
Accrued charter revenue		14,976	-	7,023		4,303	-	782	
Gain on sale/disposal of vessels		(518)		(2,543)		-		-	
Swaps breakage costs		-		10,192		-		-	
Unrealized loss from swap option agreement held by a jointly owned company with York included in equity									
loss on investments		-		6,082		-		1,177	
Amortization of prepaid lease rentals Realized (Gain) / Loss on Euro/USD		-		4,024		-		1,256	
forward contracts		(615)		451		-		388	
Gain / (Loss) on derivative instruments	_	(6,548)		(5,469)	_	273		(526)	
Adjusted Net income available to common stockholders	\$	108,846	\$	122,938	\$_	30,477	\$	30,799	
Adjusted Earnings per Share	\$	1.46	\$	1.64	\$	0.41	\$	0.41	
Weighted average number of shares	=	74,800,000		74,800,000	=	74,800,000		74,800,000	

Note: Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share represent net income before earnings allocated to preferred stock,non-cash "Accrued charter revenue" recorded under charters with escalating charter rates, gain / (loss) on sale / disposals of vessels, realized (gain) /loss on Euro/USD forward contracts, swaps breakage costs, unrealized loss from a swap option agreement held by a jointly owned company with York, which is included in equity loss on investments, amortization of prepaid lease rentals and non-cash changes in fair value of derivatives. "Accrued charter revenue" is attributed to the timing difference between the revenue recognition and the cash collection. However, Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share are useful to investors because they are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in our industry. We also believe that Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share are useful in evaluating our ability to service additional debt and make capital expenditures. In addition, we believe that Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share are useful in evaluating our operating performance and liquidity position compared to that of other companies in our industry because the calculation of Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share generally eliminates the effects of the accounting effects of capital expenditures and acquisitions, certain hedging instruments and other accounting treatments, items which may vary for different companies for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance and liquidity. In evaluating Adjusted Net Income available to common stockholders and Adjusted Earnings per Share, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentati

### **Appendix**





	Year ended December 31,			Three-mont Decer	•		
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars)		2013		2014	2013		2014
Net Income	\$	103,087	\$	115,087	\$ 26,852	\$	30,800
Interest and finance costs		74,533		95,562	17,610		19,961
Interest income		(543)		(815)	(95)		(284)
Depreciation		89,958		105,787	24,800		26,942
Amortization of prepaid lease rentals		-		4,024	-		1,256
Amortization of dry-docking and special							
survey costs		8,084		7,814	1,949		2,238
EBITDA		275,119	_	327,459	71,116		80,913
Accrued charter revenue		14,976		7,023	4,303		782
Gain on sale / disposal of vessels (1)		(518)		(2,543)	-		-
Swaps breakage costs		-		10,192	-		-
Unrealized loss from swap option agreement held by a jointly owned company with York included in equity							
loss on investments		-		6,082	-		1,177
Realized (Gain) / Loss on Euro / USD							
forward contracts		(615)		451	-		388
Gain / (Loss) on derivative instruments		(6,548)		(5,469)	273	_	(526)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	282,414	\$	343,195	\$ 75,692	\$	82,734

Note: EBITDA represents net income before interest and finance costs, interest income, amortization of prepaid lease rentals, depreciation and amortization of deferred dry-docking and special survey costs. Adjusted EBITDA represents net income before interest and finance costs, interest income, amortization of prepaid lease rentals, depreciation, amortization of deferred dry-docking and special survey costs, non-cash "Accrued charter revenue" recorded under charters with escalating charter rates, gain/ (loss) on sale / disposals of vessels, realized gain / (loss) on Euro / USD forward contracts, swaps breakage costs, unrealized loss from swap option agreement held by a jointly owned company with York, which is included in equity loss on investments, and non-cash changes in fair value of derivatives. "Accrued charter revenue" is attributed to the time difference between the revenue recognition and the cash collection. However, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not recognized measurements under U.S. GAAP. We believe that the presentation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful to investors because they are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in our industry. We also believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful in evaluating our ability to service additional debt and make capital expenditures. In addition, we believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are useful in evaluating our operating performance and liquidity position compared to that of other companies in our industry because the calculation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA generally eliminates the effects of financings, income taxes and the accounting effects of capital expenditures and acquisitions, items which may vary for different companies for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance and liquidity. In evaluating EBITDA and Adjusted E

(1) Items to consider for comparability include gains and charges. Gains positively impacting net income are reflected as deductions to net income. Charges negatively impacting net income are reflected as increases to net income.